

**II B.Tech II Semester Regular Examinations, Apr/May 2008**  
**CONTROL SYSTEMS**

( Common to Electrical & Electronic Engineering, Electronics & Communication Engineering, Electronics & Instrumentation Engineering, Electronics & Control Engineering, Electronics & Telematics and Electronics & Computer Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions  
 All Questions carry equal marks

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1. (a) Explain the traffic control system concepts using open loop as well as closed loop system.
- (b) Why is negative feedback invariably preferred in closed loop systems? [8+8]
2. (a) Reduce the given block diagram (figure 2a) and hence obtain the transfer function  $\frac{C(s)}{R(s)}$ .

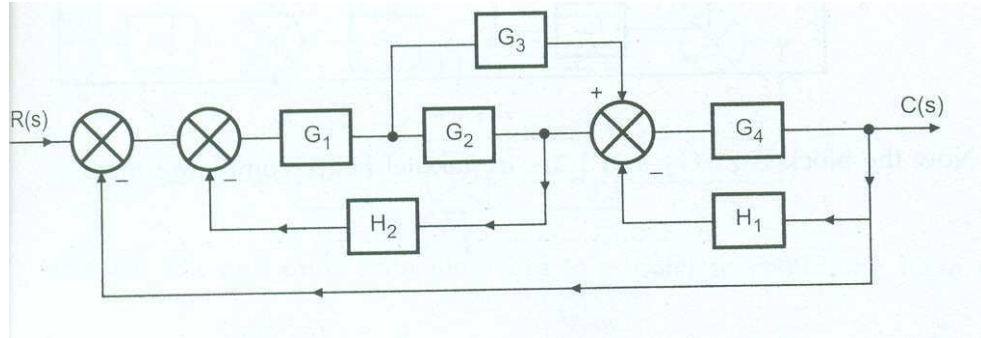


Figure 2a

- (b) Explain the need of signal flow graph representation for any system. [10+6]
3. (a) What is meant by time response? Explain about
  - i. Steady- state response
  - ii. Transient response
- (b) A unity feed-back system is characterized by an open loop T.F  $G(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+10)}$ . Determine the gain K so that the system will have a damping ratio of 0.5. For this value of K, determine  $T_s$ ,  $T_p$  and  $M_p$  for a unit step input. [6+10]
4. (a) Define the term root locus and state the rule for finding out the root locus on the real axis?
- (b) Calculate the angle of asymptotes and the centroid for the system having  $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K(s+3)}{s(s+2)(s+4)(s+5)}$
- (c) For  $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+1)(s+3)}$ , find the intersection point of the root locus with the  $j\omega$  - axis? [4+6+6]

5. Sketch the Bode plots for a system

$$G(s) = \frac{15(s+5)}{s(s^2+16s+100)}$$

Hence determine the stability of the system.

[16]

6. Write short notes:

(a) Comparison of polar & Nyquist plots

(b) Applications of Nyquist criterion.

[8+8]

7. (a) What is compensation? what are the different types of compensators?

(b) What is a lag compensator, obtain the transfer function of lag compensator and draw pole-zero plot?

(c) Explain the different steps to be followed for the design of compensator using Bode plot?

[3+3+10]

8. Obtain the two differential state representation for the system with transfer function.

$$\frac{y(s)}{u(s)} = \frac{2}{s^3+6s^2+11s+6}$$

[16]

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1. (a) Define transfer function and what are its limitations? [6+10]
- (b) Find the transfer function of the following system: Shown in figure 1b.

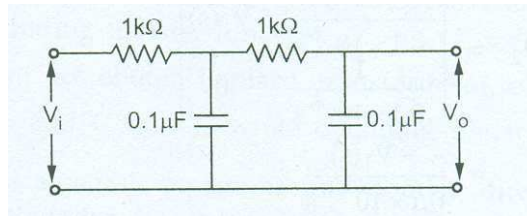


Figure 1b

2. (a) Reduce the given block diagram (figure 2a) and hence obtain the transfer function  $\frac{C(s)}{R(s)}$

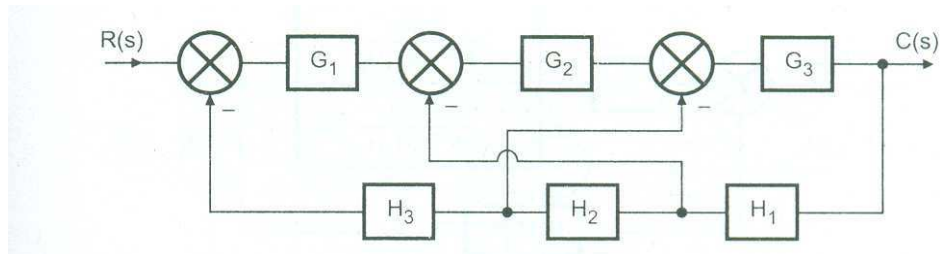


Figure 2a

- (b) Explain the working principle of synchro receiver with neat sketch. [10+6]
3. (a) What are generalized error constants? State the advantages of generalized error coefficients?
- (b) For a first order system, find out the output of the system when the input applied to the system is unit ramp input? Sketch the  $r(t)$  and  $c(t)$  and show the steady state error. [8+8]
4. (a) What are the necessary conditions to have all the roots of the characteristic Equation in the left half of s-plane?
- (b) What are the difficulties in RH stability criterion? Explain ,how you can over come them? [4+12]
5. (a) State the advantages & limitations of frequency domain analysis

(b) Sketch the Bode plot s of

$$G(s) = \frac{28.5e^{-0.1s}}{s(1+s)(1+0.1s)}$$

Hence find gain cross over frequency.

[6+10]

6. (a) What is “Nyquist Contour”?

(b) A system is given by

$$G(s) = \frac{4s+1}{s^2(s+1)(2s+1)}$$
 Sketch the Nyquist plot & hence determine the stability of the system. [2+14]

7. (a) What is compensation? what are the different types of compensators?

(b) What is a lag compensator, obtain the transfer function of lag compensator and draw pole-zero plot?

(c) Explain the different steps to be followed for the design of compensator using Bode plot? [3+3+10]

8. Obtain the two differential state representation for the system with transfer function.

$$\frac{y(s)}{u(s)} = \frac{2}{s^3+6s^2+11s+6}.$$
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- Write the important differences between open loop and closed loop systems with suitable examples.
  - Obtain the transfer function  $\frac{X_0(s)}{X_1(s)}$  of the following system. Shown in figure 1b. [8+8]

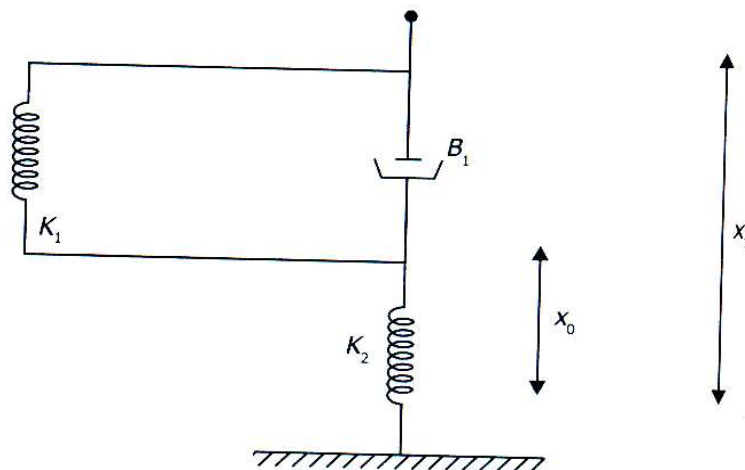


Figure 1b

- State and explain mason's gain formula for the signal flow graph.
  - What are differences between block diagram reduction and signal flow graph reduction? [8+8]
- How steady state error of a control system is determined? How it can be reduced?
  - Determine the error coefficients and static error for  $G(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+1)(s+10)}$ ,  $H(s) = s + 2$ . [8+8]
- What are the necessary conditions to have all the roots of the characteristic Equation in the left half of s-plane?
  - What are the difficulties in RH stability criterion? Explain ,how you can over come them? [4+12]
- Define frequency response.

- (b) Discuss the advantages & disadvantages of frequency response analysis.
- (c) Bring out the correlation between time response & frequency response and hence show that the correlation exists for the range of damping ratio  $0 < \zeta < 0.707$ .  
[2+6+8]
6. (a) What is “Nyquist Contour”?
- (b) A system is given by  

$$G(s) = \frac{4s+1}{s^2(s+1)(2s+1)}$$
 Sketch the Nyquist plot & hence determine the stability of the system. [2+14]
7. Design a lead compensator for unity feed back system whose open loop transfer function  $G(S) = \frac{K}{s(s+1)(s+5)}$  to satisfy the following specifications.
- (a) velocity error constant  $K_V \geq 50$
- (b) Phase margin  $\geq 20^\circ$ . [16]
8. (a) Obtain the state model of the system whose transfer function is given as.  

$$\frac{Y(s)}{V(s)} = \frac{10}{s^3+4s^2+2s+1}$$
- (b) Consider the matrix A compute  $e^{At}$ ? [8+8]
- $$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

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1. (a) Explain the basic components of control systems?
- (b) Find the transfer function for the system given figure 1b:

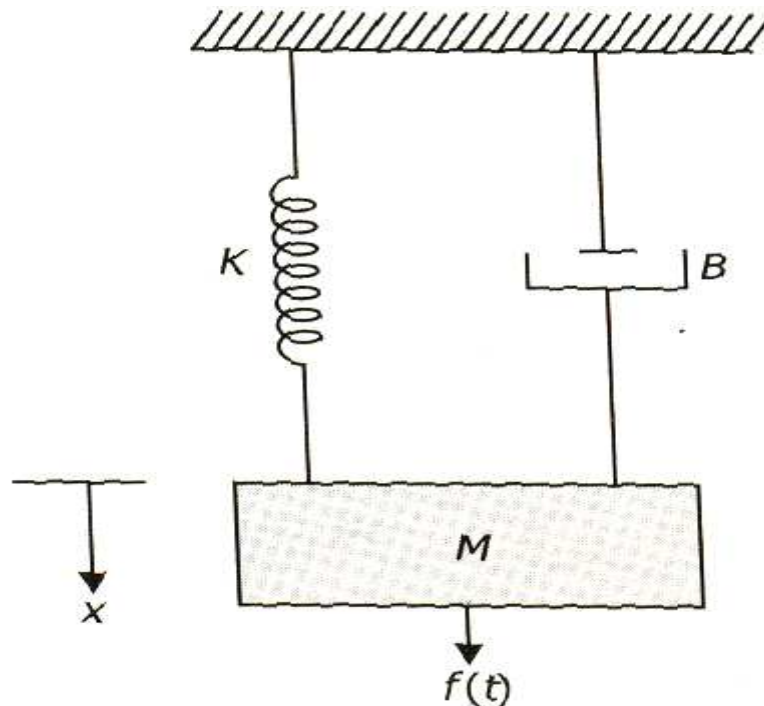


Figure 1b

where, M is the mass of the system.

[6+10]

K is the spring deflection

B is the coefficient of viscous damping.

2. (a) Reduce the given block diagram (figure 2a) and hence obtain the transfer function  $\frac{C(s)}{R(s)}$

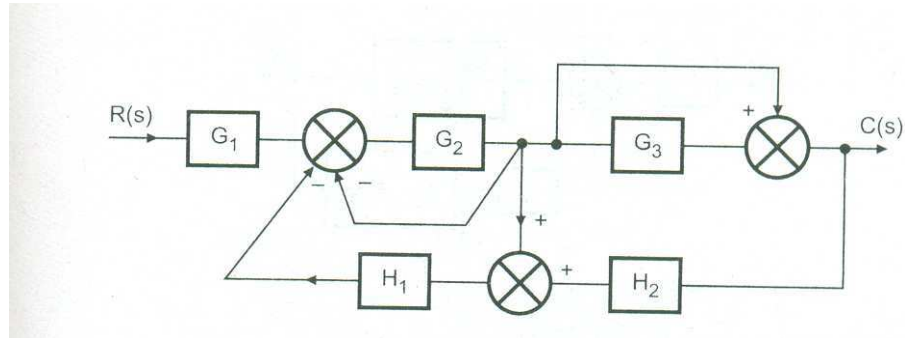


Figure 2a

- (b) Explain the need of Mason's gain formula for any system reduction. [10+6]
3. (a) Define type and order of a control system and hence find the type and order of the following systems?
- $G(s)H(s) = \frac{100}{s(s^2+4s+200)}$
  - $G(s)H(s) = \frac{200}{s^2(s^2+10s+200)}$
  - $G(s)H(s) = \frac{4(s^2+10s+100)}{s(s+3)(s^2+2s+10)}$
  - $G(s)H(s) = \frac{200}{(1+0.1s)(1+0.5s)}$
- (b) The unit step response of a second order linear system with zero initial state is given by  $c(t) = 1 + 1.25e^{-6t}\text{Sin}(8t - \tan^{-1} 1.333)$ . Determine the damping ratio, un damped natural frequency of oscillations and peak overshoot? [8+8]
4. (a) Define the the following terms
- absolute stability
  - marginal stability
  - conditional stability
- (b) By means of RH criterion determine the stability of the system represented by the characteristic equation  $S^4 + 2S^3 + 8S^2 + 4S + 3 = 0$
- (c) State the advantages of RH Stability criterion? [6+6+4]
5. (a) Derive the expressions for resonant peak & resonant frequency and hence establish the correlation between time response & frequency response.
- (b) Given  $\zeta = 0.7$  &  $\omega_n = 10$  r/s find resonant peak, resonant frequency & Bandwidth. [10+6]
6. (a) With respect to a function  $q(s)$  "Every s-plane contour which does not pass through any singular points of  $q(s)$  has a corresponding contour in  $q(s)$  plane" Elaborate.
- (b) What is the effect of adding a zero at origin to the to the open loop transfer function on polar plot? [8+8]
7. (a) What is compensation? what are the different types of compensators?
- (b) What is a lag compensator, obtain the transfer function of lag compensator and draw pole-zero plot?

- (c) Explain the different steps to be followed for the design of compensator using Bode plot? [3+3+10]
8. (a) The system is represented by the differential equation  
 $\ddot{y} + 5\dot{y} + 6y = u$   
Find the transfer from state variable representation.
- (b) Consider the RLC network shown in figure 8b. Write the state variable representation. [16]

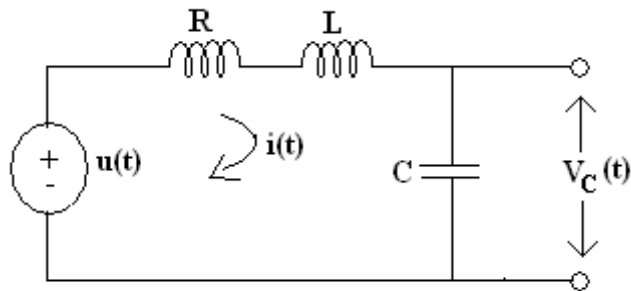


Figure 8b

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